

Sticky Knowledge

Claudius successfully led one of the most important military invasions of the 1st century: the conquest of Britain.

Roman occupation began in the south east but they quickly spread across England under the leadership of Claudius.

To keep the Scots out of England, the Roman's built Hadrian's Wall starting in AD122

Boudica was the Queen of the Iceni tribe (Celts) who fought against Roman Rule

c25-30 AD Birth of Boudica

60 AD Boudica leads rebellion against Roman occupation

c61-62 AD Death of Boudica

There were other Celtic tribes that fought back against the Romans - The Picts in Scotland

The Romans built the first roads in Britain which linked the towns they had built

The Romans originally banned Christianity but eventually it became their main religion through Emperor Constantine

Romans brought across their own numerical system

Rome was a republic originally governed by men called consuls

Roman society is one of the first examples of democracy in the world, along with Greek society

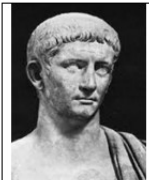
By AD 410 The Roman empire was in turmoil across Europe

The Romans introduced sanitation and the importance of fresh water and drainage

Reliability of sources evaluates whether or not they are trustworthy.

410 AD Britain is independent

Significant people:



Claudius (born 1st August 10 BC) successfully led one of the most important military invasions of the 1st century: the conquest of Britain.



Boudica was the Queen of the Iceni tribe (Celts) who fought against Roman Rule

In 60 AD Boudica lead rebellion against Roman occupation



Hadrian was Roman emperor from 117 to 138. He is known for building Hadrian's Wall, which marked the northern limit of Britannia.

Key vocabulary

A primary source		A primary source is an artefact, document, diary, manuscript, autobiography, recording, or any other source of information that was created at the time under study.	Key revision vocabulary: Iron Age -
A secondary source		Is a document or recording that relates or discusses information originally presented elsewhere.	
Conquer		To overcome and take control of a place or people by military force.	Chronology -
Democracy		Democracy means 'rule by the people'	
Empire		An extensive group of states or countries rules over by a single monarch or state.	Settlement -
Fleet		Sailing boats used by the Romans in their invasion of Britain	
Invasion		To enter a country or region and occupy it.	

<p>AD43</p> <p>Emperor Claudius, invades Britain with an army that includes elephants!</p>	<p>AD60</p> <p>The Romans try to conquer North Wales. They first tried this in AD48.</p> <p>Boudica's Iceni tribe rebel and burn the towns of Colchester, London and Verulamium (St Albans) to the ground.</p>	<p>AD122</p> <p>The Emperor Hadrian orders the building of a huge wall to mark the northern limit of his Empire. It runs for 74 miles between Wallsend on the River Tyne and Bowness-on-Solway in Cumbria.</p>	<p>AD410</p> <p>By the early 5th century many Roman troops are sent back to mainland Europe to defend other areas of the Empire against Barbarian invasions. Roman rule ends in Britain.</p>
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